Databases

1. Database Design

1.1 Given a scenario, design tables for storing data
   • Identify entities, rows/records, columns/fields

1.2 Given a scenario, identify the appropriate primary key
   • Primary key, composite/compound key

1.3 Given a scenario, choose data types to meet requirements
   • Definition and importance of data types; how data types affect storage requirements; data types for storing text, numbers, dates and times, and Boolean values

1.4 Given a scenario, design relationships between tables
   • How to establish relationships using primary and foreign keys, entity-relationship diagrams (ERDs), referential integrity

1.5 Normalize a database
   • Reasons for normalization, how to normalize a database to third normal form (3NF)

1.6 Given a scenario, identify data protection measures
   • Backups, restore, principle of least privilege, GRANT, WITH GRANT OPTION, REVOKE, purpose of roles

2. Database Object Management using DDL

2.1 Construct and analyze queries that create, alter, and drop tables
   • Create, alter, and drop tables by using proper ANSI SQL syntax; NULL and NOT NULL

2.2 Construct and analyze queries that create, alter, and drop views
   • Create, alter, and drop views by using proper ANSI SQL syntax; purpose of views

2.3 Construct and analyze stored procedures and functions
   • Input and output parameters, return values, purpose of stored procedures

2.4 Given a scenario, choose between clustered and non-clustered indexes
   • When to use clustered vs. non-clustered indexes, syntax for creating indexes

3. Data Retrieval

3.1 Construct and analyze queries that select data
   • INNER JOIN, LEFT JOIN, RIGHT JOIN, CROSS JOIN (Cartesian product), and FULL OUTER JOIN; self joins; combine result sets by using UNION and INTERSECT; DISTINCT; column alias; computed columns
3.2 Construct and analyze queries that sort and filter data
   • ORDER BY, WHERE, LIKE, BETWEEN, AND, OR, NOT, TOP (LIMIT), IN, NOT IN, ANY, ALL, NULL, NOT NULL, comparison operators

3.3 Construct and analyze queries that aggregate data
   • GROUP BY, HAVING, MIN, MAX, COUNT, AVG (AVERAGE), SUM

4. Data Manipulation using DML
   4.1 Construct and analyze INSERT statements
       • INSERT INTO SELECT, INSERT INTO VALUES
   4.2 Construct and analyze UPDATE statements
       • Update data in a single table
   4.3 Construct and analyze DELETE statements
       • Delete data from a single table

5. Troubleshooting
   5.1 Troubleshoot data object management query failures
       • Syntax and runtime errors
   5.2 Troubleshoot data retrieval query failures
       • Syntax and runtime errors
   5.3 Troubleshoot data manipulation query failures
       • Syntax and runtime errors